

TALKED ON KNOX PEACE PLAN

NEW YORK MINISTERS FOR AN ARBITRATION COURT.

Three Hundred of Them Talk the Scheme Over Roosevelt's Peace-making Ideas (Top Left) Two Preachers for Them and One Against Taft Notified.

Roosevelt was a topic for a time yesterday at the ministers' conference on the subject of world peace in the Marble Collegiate Church. The meeting took place at the usual Monday gatherings of ministers of New York. Two speakers were for Roosevelt's teachings on peace and one against.

The men who favored Roosevelt were the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Simson of the Manhattan Congregational Church and the Rev. Dr. Wilson Phelan, the veteran of the association in point of years. The one who opposed was the Rev. Dr. William Jay Peck, who is president of the Presbyterian Ministers Association of New York. He believed that even women are better able to handle the peace matter than Roosevelt and that they rather than he should guide national policies concerning the spending of millions on warships.

The meeting grew out of the last Lake Mohonk conference, and was based chiefly upon an official statement sent by Secretary of State Knox to that conference, in which the Secretary said:

"The responses to the identical circular note have been so favorable and manifest such a willingness and desire on the part of the leading nations to constitute a court of arbitration justice that the Secretary of State of the United States believes a true permanent court of arbitration justice, composed of judges acting under a sense of judicial responsibility, representing the judicial systems of the world and capable of securing the continuity of arbitration justice will be established in the immediate future and that the third peace conference will find it in successful operation at the Hague."

Three hundred ministers attended the meeting and unanimously adopted a resolution favoring the plan and saying: "that we call upon all the Christian ministry and laity of the United States to use their utmost efforts to develop a sentiment in favor of the cessation of war, which shall make itself felt by our lawmakers and representatives and contribute to the hastening of the era of universal peace."

The Rev. Dr. J. R. Remondy of St. James's Lutheran Church, presided and made the opening address. Bishop Greer followed, saying that Christian churches ought to lead not follow, as they appear to be doing in America and especially in New York, where peace advocates, not specially identified with the churches are active and effective beyond ministers as yet.

The Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson of the Broadway Tabernacle gave a message especially to the big Goliath, China, Japan and the non-Christian nations into the purchase of vast armaments. European peoples are being crushed by the arms race, and the United States to the State and nothing can be expected. The Russian Church cannot speak in Russia, the Lutheran Church cannot speak in Germany, the Church of England cannot speak in England. The churches in these countries are muzzled. But a free church in a free land here can speak and he hoped to see the day when 165,000 ministers in America set about educating the people the building of battle-ships will cease by and by.

The Rev. Dr. J. B. Burwell of the Marble Collegiate Church said that ministers of Germany and England have already taken a stand on this matter. He said that in 1913 there is to be held in New York an exposition commemorating the landing of the first Dutchmen on Manhattan Island, and suggested that a peace conference be held then. The nations now behind the present armaments race are Russia, Germany, France, England, Austria and the United States, six only. There are fifty nations that have parliaments. He wanted all of them to be represented, and his proposal was seconded by the Rev. William Wilkinson of Wall Street. Finally on the plea that this resolution might imperil the principal object of the peace conference, the proposal was withdrawn.

Word was given out by the chairman that the Rev. Dr. M. J. Lavelle of St. Patrick's Cathedral had been elected to the cause and expected to send a Judge to speak in his behalf. The Judge did not appear. By vote the action of New York ministers was ordered referred to Bishop Greer and it was stated by Bishop Greer that he would send word to Episcopal ministers that they preach on the subject on Christmas Day.

CANADIAN FLAG ON THE PACIFIC

Ex-British Cruiser Arrives at Esquimaux Turnover of Naval Station.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 7.—The glories of Esquimaux as a naval outpost of the British Empire were revived to-day when the Canadian ship Rainbow dropped anchor in the port.

As the Rainbow anchored in the harbor her guns fired a national salute of twelve guns, which was immediately answered by the shore batteries. Simultaneously the cruiser hoisted the Canadian ensign. Bunches of flags were drawn up the poop and forecastle and as the vessel passed the British warship Sherwater the bugles rang out on either side.

Admiral Krusenstern, the head of the Canadian navy, accompanied by G. J. Desbarats, Deputy Minister of Naval Affairs, and Commander McDonald of the Nisus, visited the Rainbow shortly after her arrival. The Admiral was saluted with eleven guns.

Later, Commander Stewart, his officers and men were officially welcomed to Canada on behalf of the Dominion Government by the Hon. William Templeman, Minister of Marine, and Premier McBratney on behalf of the province and by Mayor Morley on behalf of the city of Victoria.

On Wednesday the control of the naval station of Esquimaux was officially handed over to the Dominion Government. The transfer of the naval yard will be made by Commander Vivian of H. M. S. Egeria on behalf of the Admiralty and Mr. Desbarats will represent the Ottawa authorities.

POOR HUMANS HANDLED ABOUT.

Went to Buenos Ayres by Mistake and Sent There Again by Mistake.

Francis Lehn, aged 80, and his wife, five years younger, who arrived here from Buenos Ayres by a Lamport & Holt liner several weeks ago, were held up by the Immigration Bureau because they were likely to become public charges, and were deported. They are Hungarian-German peasants and said that they had come by mistake to Buenos Ayres from Porto Barro, getting on the wrong ship. Their intention was to come directly to New York and go to the home of one of their married daughters in this neighborhood. They did not have enough money to pay for their passage from Buenos Ayres and went to a ranch, making enough before the end of a year to continue the trip. But their daughters could not furnish a bond that they would not become public charges and they were ordered sent back to Buenos Ayres, and they sailed last Saturday by the Lamport & Holt steamship Titian. They said that they did not understand Spanish and that they wanted to be returned to their old homes in Germany. But the law is mandatory and they were compelled to ship for the port "whence they came." The married daughters offered to defray the expenses of their passage to Germany on the steamer, but the Immigration Bureau could not recognize anything except the rule, not having the right to send back to Germany immigrants who might also become a public charge there.

TAFT LEASES SUMMER HOME.

President Takes Parra Malta at Beverly for Two Years.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 7.—Beverly will continue to be the summer capital for two years more. After the President's train left Washington to-day Mr. Taft and a representative of the Henry W. Peabody estate of Boston came to an agreement and the President signed a lease for two years for the Peabody house at Beverly known as Parra Malta. The place includes seventy acres about a mile from the place occupied by the President last summer and about two miles from Beverly proper, but within a few minutes' walk of Mount Servat station.

The President's new home is not on the sea. New Executive offices have been leased directly across the street from the new summer home of the President. The estate was acquired by the late Henry W. Peabody and named for a river in Australia. Since the death of Mr. Peabody it has been owned by his widow, with whose representative President Taft negotiated the lease.

One of the features of the Peabody place is a four hole golf course, which had no special attraction for the President, who spurns anything short of eighteen holes.

John Hays Hammond accompanied the President in his private car as far as Baltimore. A brief stop was made at Baltimore to change engines, but there was no demonstration, and the President did not appear. At York, Pa., a few people gathered in the station and burned a little red fire and calls were made for the President, who finally appeared on the car platform and made a brief speech. Mr. Taft told the crowd at York that the time for speeches was over and the time for voting had come. Announcing that he was going home to vote, the President suggested that his hearers should do likewise.

Washington, Nov. 7.—President Taft left Washington late this afternoon over the Pennsylvania Railroad for Cincinnati, Ohio, where he will cast his vote. The President's car was attached to a regular train. Secretary of State Taft accompanied the President, but will not stop at Cincinnati, going on to Chicago to cast his ballot. Mr. Taft will return to Washington on Sunday. John Hays Hammond went with the party as far as Baltimore.

SALMAGUNDIAN DINE.

The "Get Together" Crowd Has an Evening With the Microscope.

One hundred and twenty-five artist members of the Salmagundian Club assembled last night to celebrate the annual get-together dinner in the galleries of the clubhouse at 14 West Twelfth street. F. K. M. Rehn, president of the Salmagundians, presided at the reunion of the artists, which was usual as interspersed with songs of bohemian and good fellowship contributed by some of the musical talent in the club. The galleries were decorated with autumn foliage and flowers, and the club song "There was an old fellow named Bill, who lived at the top of the hill," was sung with animation. The feature of the evening was the display of sketches by every artist present of the product of his summer's work on the microscope, which was operated by Howard McCormick, chairman of the entertainment committee. Each Salmagundian present contributed several sketches, including landscapes, marines, figure pieces and portraits, which were illuminated on the microscope, showing the color and technique of the artist. Those who did not bring samples of their work to the get-together were asked to sketch pencil sketches of what they saw during the summer, and as a result some of the improvised drawings proved the real hits of the evening.

Albert L. Cook, a landscape painter who spent the summer in the Grand Cañon of the Colorado, with side trips to New Mexico and Arizona, was represented by several excellent and colorful examples of pictorial sketches in the far West. Frank de Haven, who divided his time between the Connecticut hills and Pennsylvania lakes, contributed four pastoral studies, among them being "Sugar Maples," a lake scene, "A Country Road" and a sketch of an old barn in Pennsylvania.

There were marines shown by F. K. M. Rehn and water color sketches made abroad by Henry B. Snell, cattle pens and woodland scenes by Glenn Newell and other artists who submitted sketches were Henry Pfeilitz, Robert Nichols, Stanley Middleton, Frank Rickard, George Reeves, Lockwood de Forest, R. L. Hildebrand, Carlton Williams, Guy Weigman, Charles Vezin, William H. Drake, M. Sander and Arthur Schneider. The musical programme included songs by George F. Jennings, with Felix La Mond at the piano.

NOVEL SUNDAY LAW DECISION.

Court Holds That Newspapers Can't Collect for Advertising on That Day.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 7.—In a decision handed down to-day by Judge J. M. Johnson of the Kansas City court, Appeals newspaper contracts for advertising to be printed on Sundays are declared void and of no binding effect. The Judge declared that such contracts were for work to be done in violation of the Sunday labor laws and for that reason could not be enforced.

The decision came in the case of George W. Knapp & Co., owner of the St. Louis Republic, against Jeremiah Culbertson, president of the International Exploration Company.

The decision reverses absolutely the award of the Circuit Court, which awarded the Republic judgment of \$10,000 for some advertising to be printed in the Sunday edition of the paper. The advertisements were published in the newspaper agreed to do on April 12 and 13, 1908. Culbertson avoided payment and suit was brought.

"The contract is void," said Judge Johnson, "because it is against public morals and public policy. The courts will not lend their aid to enforce contracts in violation of the criminal law."

COLUMBIA TRUSTEES MEET.

President Butler Tells the Board of Its Recent Trip Abroad.

The trustees of Columbia met yesterday afternoon and after a session that lasted more than two hours adjourned without taking action of any kind. Not a professor was relieved of his academic duties, although it is only a month since Harry Thurston Peck felt the weight of the administration's censure, not an instructor had his heart gladdened by being promoted to a higher position, and not a dollar was turned into the university treasury.

President Butler took up most of the trustees' time by giving an account of his recent trip to Europe, with a commentary on the celebration of the centenary of Berlin University. One of his chief criticisms of the trip was the arrangement which was made with Sir Frederick Pollock for a course of lectures at Columbia next year on the Reformation.

When Dr. Butler had finished his speech the members of the board went home.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

To-day Specials

In the Smith Gray & Co. stores you will not only find the Smith Gray & Co. superb clothes in complete assortment—there are upwards of seventy-five distinctive models in the Winter suit and overcoat showing—in every desirable model and fabric, modestly priced from \$18 to \$60—but you will also find special values resulting from various sources, but all created with an eye to acquainting you with the goodness and superiority of Smith Gray clothes.

These special values mean to you an opportunity greater, season considered, than at any time in the whole 65 years Smith Gray & Co. clothes have been recognized as standard.

Because there are only 3, 4 and 5 of a kind, you may save \$4.50 to \$11.50 or more on these Winter overcoats and suits.

\$15.50 and \$18.50 for Winter overcoats that are \$20 to \$30 values; all models and colors.

\$37.50 for fine vicuna, melton and kersey silk-lined dress overcoats; values are \$45, \$50 and \$55.

\$15.50 and \$18.50 for men's and young men's Winter suits; regular \$20 to \$25 values.

\$5 & \$6 pure worsted trousers, \$3.75 Children's Russian, sailor, Norfolk and D. B. suits and Russian overcoats for the little fellows, 2½ to 9, \$6 and \$7 values, \$4.75

Children's Russian, sailor and D. B. suits and Russian and long overcoats, \$7.50, \$8 & \$9 values, \$5.75

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Catalogue on Request.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren Street Across from City Hall 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

CLUBMEN STILL IN HOSPITAL

MRS. ROOSEVELT AT NEWBURY TO BE WITH HER HUSBAND.

Mr. Sils unconscious a long time. Not certain yet that he will lose an arm. Henry Sanderson says there was no racing before the smash came.

NEWBURY, Nov. 7.—The condition of John T. Sils, retired New York merchant and clubman, who was hurt in the automobile accident at Allards Corners, near Walden, on Sunday, is reported this afternoon to be critical. He is still unconscious and has been since he arrived at St. Luke's Hospital. It was not known definitely until to-day what Mr. Sils' injuries were. This afternoon Dr. Howell, the attending physician, said that both of Mr. Sils' arms are fractured at the wrist, the left arm having a very bad compound fracture with the flesh badly torn. It is feared that his left arm may yet have to be amputated. Dr. Hartley of New York, the specialist who was summoned last night, agreed with Dr. Howell and Carr of this city that it was not advisable to operate immediately and that by waiting developments might appear.

Both parties were in Wolstenholme Sound. "We came across a Danish three masted auxiliary schooner, The Motor," says Capt. Bartlett. "She had just come up from Copenhagen with Rasmussen and his companion, a big, husky Norwegian with a name that I couldn't remember, while it was being told to me. They came on board with us and Rasmussen told us his plans. When I talked with him he wasn't bothered about Peary but he said that he had to go to Copenhagen which showed just where Dr. Cook was all that winter when he was supposed to be going for the pole. He said that the party only went twelve miles from the land. I picked some yellow flowers this summer from the spot where Rasmussen said Dr. Cook spent his winter."

Rasmussen is said to have cross-examined Amelweh and Iruksish, the two Eskimos on whose testimony Dr. Cook relied. The Eskimos' idea of the pole is pretty hairy. All they know is that they are going in a straight line and that they're going a hell of a long way. All this talk about the big nail is rot. They can understand the maps and they know how there is a similar place down south. We could make them understand this much, that there was a place we wanted to go to, that no man had ever been there before, that you had to go a long way out of sight of land to get there and that you had to go in a straight line. As for questioning any other Eskimos but those that actually went on the expedition, you might as well go out into the streets of Chicago and ask your questions."

THE REV. MR. PLASS GIVES UP. Comes Back From British Columbia to Defend Charge of Fraud.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Returning from British Columbia to face charges of misuse of the mails in the promotion of the Redeemable Investment Company of which he was formerly president, the Rev. Norman Plasse, once head of Washington College, Topeka, Kan., surrendered to the Federal authorities this afternoon. When Plasse reached the Federal Building a warrant charging him with using the mails in a scheme to defraud was served and he was arraigned before Judge Charles F. Johnson. Plasse pleaded not guilty and was held in \$3,000 for a hearing on Thursday. Bail was furnished by Peter F. McKenna of Worcester and Robert W. Bartlett of Somerville.

The surrender of Mr. Plasse was wholly voluntary. He was in British Columbia when he was notified of the charges, and as soon as he had finished personal matters which had called him West he came home to meet the charges brought against him. "When Charles F. Brooks, manager of the Redeemable Investment Company, was arrested on October 13 the Federal officers sought Plasse, who up to a short time before that had been president. They learned that he had gone to British Columbia, where he was found on October 18. As soon as they were notified that the Federal authorities were looking for Plasse his attorneys telegraphed him and advised him to come home. At that time Plasse said: 'I am no longer president of the Redeemable Investment Company. I resign the position and business of the company. I have no more to do with the West took up so much of my time. The company is a holding company. I formed some fourteen months ago. Mr. Brooks, the manager, held two properties and I held two, which we were financing, and we desired to form this holding company with a cash capital of \$10,000,000. Of this capital stock only \$3,500 has been taken up.'

E. A. Strachan Hurt in Runaway. While Edward A. Strachan, an electrical contractor of 1907 Amsterdam avenue, was riding to his place of business yesterday a front wheel of his carriage dropped off. The horse bolted down Amsterdam avenue. At 16th street the carriage swayed and Mr. Strachan tumbled into an elevated railroad trolley in flight. The horse kept on and finally dashed into a street car, which was wrecked. Mr. Strachan went home with a wrenched ankle and bruises. He is a junior partner in the firm of H. M. Dix & Co. He lives at 415 East 139th street.

CANT FIND THIS POLICEMAN.

Woman Reported Him Sick Last Friday.

"Missing" on the Blotter. Policeman Redmond Finnerty, a young policeman who has been on the force only a few months and was assigned to the East Thirty-fifth street station, was entered on the blotter there last night as missing. He finished his tour of duty last Friday at 2 o'clock P. M., but was supposed to be on reserve afterward. He left the station house in the afternoon.

A woman went to the East Fifty-first street station that night and said that Policeman Finnerty wanted to be reported sick. The lieutenant there obliged, but didn't ask the woman her name. When the message got to East Thirty-fifth street, Police Surgeon Nammack went to 415 East Thirty-fifth street, where he found a residence, but couldn't find him. Finnerty was declared missing last night. It is thought at his station house that he is unmarried.

CAPT. BARTLETT NOT WORRIED.

Doesn't Think Knud Rasmussen Has Questioned Peary's Exploit.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Capt. Robert A. Bartlett, who navigated Peary's vessel, the Roosevelt, during his Arctic voyage, reported repudiation of both Cook and Peary is true. He does not believe Rasmussen said that "No living explorer or Eskimo has ever been within 100 miles of the north pole."

There are several important obstacles to Rasmussen's having said it, he says, the first of which is that the three missionaries who were with him at the North Star harbor this summer two were dead before Harry Whitney and Capt. Bartlett set the Boethius's bow for home last August. The other objection is that Capt. Bartlett, after sailing on August 21, met Rasmussen in the flesh and had a long talk with him about Cook and Peary. The Dane-Eskimo ethnologist was untrodden by doubts on that date.

Both parties were in Wolstenholme Sound. "We came across a Danish three masted auxiliary schooner, The Motor," says Capt. Bartlett. "She had just come up from Copenhagen with Rasmussen and his companion, a big, husky Norwegian with a name that I couldn't remember, while it was being told to me. They came on board with us and Rasmussen told us his plans. When I talked with him he wasn't bothered about Peary but he said that he had to go to Copenhagen which showed just where Dr. Cook was all that winter when he was supposed to be going for the pole. He said that the party only went twelve miles from the land. I picked some yellow flowers this summer from the spot where Rasmussen said Dr. Cook spent his winter."

STORE WILL REMAIN CLOSED THIS DAY (TUESDAY).

B. Altman & Co.

A SALE OF WOMEN'S COATS AND WRAPS

WILL BE HELD TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY)

AT THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL PRICES:

MOTOR OR TRAVELING COATS AT \$14.00 & 21.00

RAGLAN BLANKET COATS, IN TAN OR WHITE AT 32.00

IMPORTED CLOTH EVENING WRAPS IN COLORS.

AT \$20.00, \$28.00, \$38.00 & \$55.00

A NUMBER OF STYLES IN TRIMMED HATS WILL

BE ON SALE TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) ON THE

FIRST FLOOR, AT THE SPECIAL PRICES OF

\$5.00 & \$7.50

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR IN SEVERAL NEW DESIGNS.

FOR WEAR WITH CHIFFON OR SILK WAISTS, WILL

BE ON SALE TO-MORROW AT THE

FOLLOWING SPECIAL PRICES:

JABOTS AT 50c & 65c

STOCKS AT 65c

STOCK WITH JABOT AT 75c

B. Altman & Co. CALL ATTENTION TO THEIR

STOCK OF MOTOR GOODS WHICH INCLUDES

FUR, FUR-LINED AND FUR-TRIMMED COATS,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN;

FUR AND CLOTH CAPS FOR MEN; MOTOR BONNETS AND

VEILS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN; GLOVES, KNITTED

JACKETS AND SCARFS; MOTOR ROBES, FITTED CASES AND

HAMPER, EMERGENCY CASES, CUSHIONS, CLOCKS, FLOWER

HOLDERS, ETC.

FURS AND FUR GARMENTS

FURS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS ARE NOW BEING SHOWN AT

VERY REASONABLE PRICES. WOMEN'S FASHIONABLE COATS

OF SEALSKIN, PERSIAN LAMB, MOLE, KARAKUL, NATURAL

AND BROWN SQUIRREL AND PONY SKIN.

MOTOR COATS OF RINGTAIL AND AMERICAN OPOSSUM,

LEOPARD, MARMOT, RACCOON, GENET, ETC.

FOR STREET, MOTOR OR CARRIAGE WEAR FUR-LINED CLOTH

COATS OF VARIOUS ROUGH MIXTURES, AND FOR EVENING

WEAR FUR-LINED AND FUR-TRIMMED WRAPS OF SILK,

SATIN, MOIRE, VELVET, BROCADE, BROADCLOTH, ETC.

MUFFS AND SCARFS IN NEW SHAPES AND SIZES.

MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S FUR COATS, MUFFS AND

SCARFS, MODERATELY PRICED.

FUR SKINS IN MATCHED LOTS FOR MAKING TO ORDER

FUR COATS, MUFFS AND SCARFS.

MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR AND FUR-LINED OVERCOATS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Women's Four Dollar Shoes

AT

ALEXANDER'S

A large assortment of fashionable models,

made from proven leathers, with the care for detail

that is characteristic of Alexander shoes. Patent

leather and dull calfskin with kid and cloth

tops. Kidskin, both button and lace, in a variety

of shapes and sizes that enables our trained sales

force to properly fit all normal feet.

ANDREW ALEXANDER

SIXTH AVE. AT 19TH ST., NEW YORK

The Provident Loan Society

OF NEW YORK

Loans from \$1 to \$1000 upon pledge

of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One-half per cent. (1%) per month or

fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (1%) charged

upon loans repaid within two weeks

from date of making.

NEW OFFICE NOW OPEN 148th St. & Courtlandt Av. THE BRONX

OFFICES

MANHATTAN

Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street

Eleventh Street cor. Rivington Street

Seventh Ave. bet. 48th & 49th Streets

125th Street cor. Park Avenue

Grand Street cor. Clinton Street

BROOKLYN

Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.

Pittkin Avenue, cor. Rockaway Ave.